

The Harris Center for Mental Health and IDD 9401 Southwest Freeway Houston, TX 77074 Board Room #109

> Program Committee Meeting January 21, 2025 10:00 am

I. DECLARATION OF QUORUM

II. PUBLIC COMMENTS

III. APPROVAL OF MINUTES

A. Approve Minutes of the Board of Trustees Program Committee Held on Tuesday, November 12, 2024 (EXHIBIT P-1)

IV. REVIEW AND COMMENT

- A. FQHC Update (EXHIBIT P-2 Stanley Williams)
- B. Safe Spaces Initiative (EXHIBIT P-3 Jennifer Battle)

V. EXECUTIVE SESSION -

* As authorized by §551.071 of the Texas Government Code, the Board of Trustees reserves the right to adjourn into Executive Session at any time during the course of this meeting to seek legal advice from its attorney about any matters listed on the agenda.

- VI. RECONVENE INTO OPEN SESSION
- VII. CONSIDER AND TAKE ACTION AS A RESULT OF THE EXECUTIVE SESSION
- VIII. ADJOURN

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Veronica Franco, Board Liaison Max A. Miller, Jr, MTh, D.D. Chairman Program Committee The Harris Center for Mental Health and IDD Board of Trustees



EXHIBIT P-1

BOARD OF TRUSTEES *The* HARRIS CENTER *for* Mental Health *and* IDD PROGRAM COMMITTEE MEETING TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 2024 MINUTES

Dr. M. Miller, Jr., Committee Chair, called the meeting to order at 10:18 a.m. in Room 109 of the 9401 Southwest Freeway location, noting a quorum of the Committee was present.

RECORD OF ATTENDANCE

Committee Members in Attendance: Dr. M. Miller, Jr., Dr. L. Fernandez, Dr. K. Bacon

Committee Member in Absence: Dr. J. Lankford, Ms. R. Thomas

Other Board Members in Attendance: N. Hurtado

1. CALL TO ORDER

The meeting was called to order at 10:18 a.m.

2. DESIGNATION OF BOARD MEMBERS AS VOTING COMMITTEE MEMBERS Dr. Miller, Jr. designated N. Hurtado as a voting member of the Program Committee.

3. DECLARATION OF QUORUM

Dr. Miller, Jr. declared a quorum of the committee was present.

4. PUBLIC COMMENTS

There were no Public Comments.

5. Approve the Minutes of the Board of Trustees Program Committee Meeting Held on Tuesday, October 15, 2024.

MOTION BY: BACON SECOND BY: FERNANDEZ With unanimous affirmative votes

BE IT RESOLVED that the Minutes of the Board of Trustees Program Committee meeting held on Tuesday, October 15, 2024 under Exhibit P-1, are approved and recommended to the Full Board for acceptance.

Board of Trustees Program Committee Meeting (11/12/2024) MINUTES Page 1 of 2

6. REVIEW AND COMMENT

A. Showcase of the Foundation Grantees

1. Coffeehouse Co-Op Academy-Maggie Strobel presented to the Program Committee

2. Resiliency Team-Sarah Strang presented to the Program Committee

3. PBS Enhancement-Tranika Jefferson presented the Program Committee

4.EmpowHer-Tiffany Williams-Brooks presented the Program Committee

5.We RISE-Evelyn Locklin presented the Program Committee

7. EXECUTIVE SESSION

No Executive Session was needed.

8. RECONVENE INTO OPEN SESSION

9. ADJOURN

There being no further business, the meeting adjourned at 11:00 am.

MOTION BY: HURTADO SECOND BY: BACON

Veronica Franco, Board Liaison Max A. Miller, Jr. Mth, D.D., Chairman Program Committee THE HARRIS CENTER *for* Mental Health *and* IDD Board of Trustees

Board of Trustees Program Committee Meeting (11/12/2024) MINUTES Page 2 of 2

EXHIBIT P-2

The Harris Center for Integrated Care

Update on Health Home, Integrated Health, Mobile Clinic

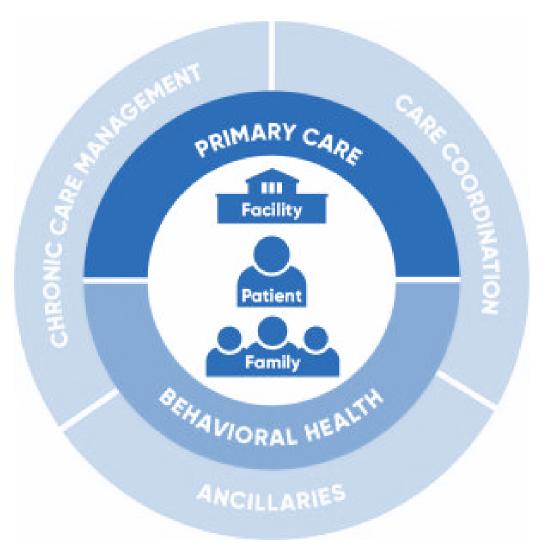
> Presented by: Dr. Stanley Williams, Director January 28, 2025



Optum Video Client Experience: https://vimeo.com/1044339340/15e2dd4c65?share=copy



The Harris Center Integrated Behavioral Health Home Update





Integrated Behavioral Health Home Started - 2021



The Harris Center Health Home

Goals

Improve overall wellness of members to include their self-management of conditions

Increased member participation in the health home program based upon enrollment rates for attributed members (target goal is 50% enrollment for all attributed members within a 12 month period)

- · Reductions in avoidable hospital admissions and emergency room use
- · Reductions in overall hospital readmission rates
- · Reduced lengths of stay in the hospital when hospitalizations are necessary
- Improved rates for follow up after hospitalization (FUH) for behavioral and medical inpatient and ER visits
 Improved adherence to recommended treatments (including medications and specialty care)
- · Improved access to primary care, based on key metrics related (e.g., diabetes care)

Opportunity

One of Four behavioral Health Organizations participating in the National Pilot Target 1500 of the highest risk Optum Members (costing approximately \$100K in claims per member) Only about 25% Harris Center clients



Integrated Behavioral Health Home Utilization Measures

Current Reporting Period – September - December 2024 - Harris Center Integrated Health Home Team (1500 Attributed Members) increased utilization of the following measures:

- Medication Adherence: Mood Stabilizers (MA-MS) increased by 5.97% from baseline.
- Medication Adherence: Anti-Psychotics (MA-AP) increased by 7.56% from baseline.
- Medication Adherence: Anti-Depressants (MA-AD) increased by 9.17% from baseline.
- Controlling High Blood Pressure (CBP) increased by 98% from baseline.
- Adults' Access to Preventive/Ambulatory Health Services: Total (AAP-TOTAL) increased by 9.07% from baseline

Source United Healthcare – Optum Health Report Dec 2024



Integrated Behavioral Health Home Utilization Measures

Current Reporting Period –September-December 2024 - Harris Center Integrated Health Home Team (1545 attributed members) decreased utilization of the following inpatient measures:



Ambulatory Care – Emergency Department Visits (AMB-HH) reduced by 45.79% from baseline.



Inpatient Utilization - General Hospital/Acute Care (IPU) reduced by 46.95% from baseline.



Rate of Inpatient Behavioral Health Admissions (TPI) reduced by 46.22% from baseline.

FQHC Application Update

Federally Qualified Health Center (FQHC) also known as New Access Point and Community Health Center



FQHC Application Status

We are in Step 3 according to the HRSA Track Grant Application Site

HRSA Four Step Process :

1. Application Receipt

2. Screening Review

During this step, we screen your application for meeting FQHC eligibility, completeness, responsiveness, and timeliness.

3. Technical Review

During this step, grant reviewers rank your application by the criteria in the Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO).

4. Award Determination

During this step, HRSA **uses the grant reviewers' recommendations to determine who will receive funding.**

FY 2025 New Access Points (NAP) Funding Opportunity (HRSA-25-085) FQHC Fact Sheet

Milestone	Key Date			
NAP NOFO Release	May 30, 2024			
Grants.gov application deadline	August 30, 2024, 11:59 p.m. ET			
EHBs application deadline;	September 30, 2024, 5 p.m. ET			
Expected project start date	June 1, 2025			



What Should Awarded Applicants Expect?

All applicants must submit a **plan** to:

- Open at least one full-time service site that provides primary medical care within 120 days of award.
- Provide all required clinical and enabling services, as well as mental health and substance use disorder services.
- Meet Health Center Program compliance requirements.
- Meet with HRSA Grants Program Officer, Health Center State Association to begin working on New Access Point –FQHC Orientation and 120 day checklist

Benefits of Becoming a Federally Qualified Health Center

Benefits	Health Center Grantees	FQHC Look- Alikes
Grant funding (\$650K Permanent Federal Funding -Yearly) 650k	\checkmark	×
Eligible for Medicaid Prospective Payment System (PPS) – for both Primary health and Mental Health Services	\checkmark	\checkmark
Eligible for Medicare cost-based reimbursement	\checkmark	\checkmark
Access to 340B drug pricing	\checkmark	\checkmark
Eligible for Federal Tort Claims Act medical malpractice insurance	\checkmark	×
Automatic Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA) Designation	\checkmark	\checkmark
Vaccines for Children and Underserved Populations	\checkmark	\checkmark
Eligible for on-going supplemental HRSA funding (PCMH, capital investments, HIT incentive payments)	\checkmark	×



FQHC Clinic Locations

Northeast Harris Center Integrated Primary Care Clinic 7200 North Loop East Freeway, Houston, TX 77028 Phone: 713-970- 7000 In a MUA/P: Yes

Service Area Name: Central East Houston

Designation Type: Medically Underserved Area Designation Date: 11/22/2019

Southeast Harris Center Integrated Primary Care Clinic 5901 Long Drive, Houston, TX 77087 Phone: 713-970-4300 In a MUA/P: Yes

Service Area Name: Houston - South

Designation Type: Medically Underserved Area Designation Date: 09/06/2019



Mobile Wellness Comunity Outreach & Strengthening Comunities

^{lcare} equity for all The Harris Center's ringing the clinic to you 24/7 Crisis & Access Line 713.970.7000 www.TheHarrisCenter.org



In 2024: Over 931 community members served with Health & Wellness Screening with Partnering Agencies: Major Partners 1st, 2nd 3rd Wards Community Center and

Sunny Side –Faith-based Community

arly Screenings & F

Emphasis on Early Screenings & Education of Blood Pressure, A1C, Non-Medical Drivers Screening, Literature on Depression and Emotional Wellness, Outreach to Reduce Mental Health Stigma

Our presence helps open the conversation and reduce stigma on the importance of preventative care emotional wellness physical health and whole-care !

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Food is Medicine

Food is the main contributor to health and chronic conditions. Food is medicine, and research demonstrates that regular intake of fresh produce helps to improve the health of individuals with prediabetes and diabetes.

The Rx for Fresh Fruits and Vegetables program (RxFFV) is designed to assist food-insecure individuals with diabetes and prediabetes in managing their condition by providing access to fresh fruits and vegetables through partnerships with Idaho healthcare clinics, community organizations, insurance companies, and retailers. Since April 2024 we have provided this service onsite at one of our four Clinics to: 2,463 Clients

How does it work?



FoodRx Card

card





FoodRX Market Trailer

Food Rx



Addressing Food Insecurity

Integrated Health Video:

https://vimeo.com/1044381686/161fdc0719?share=copy



Thank you.

Appendix The Harris Center for Integrated Care (HCIC) Update

Update on Health Home, Integrated Health, Mobile Clinic

Health Home Member Eligibility & Attribution

Member Eligibility and Attribution: Who qualifies for the program?

Eligibility and Attribution Methodology:

- · Highest needs members with SMI, SED, and/or SUD are the focus of the IBHH
- 3 gateways to qualify (below)
- Based on claims history and geo-proximity
- Assures attributed members encompasses enough volume for enrollment
- Assumes ~50% engagement rate, with some currently engaged in care

Descriptors	Values
Medical Spend Thresholds	\$120,000+
Behavioral IP/Residential Spend Thresholds	\$12,000+
ER Visit Thresholds	12+
Attributed Members	~1,545

1545 have been attributed to us this reporting period – since September 2024

Approximately 25% are Harris Center Clients





High Cost of Healthcare for People with Mental Health Conditions

 Healthcare use/costs twice as high in diabetes and heart disease patients with depression¹

	Annual Cost – those without MH condition	Annual Cost – those with MH condition
Heart Condition	\$4,697	\$6,919
High Blood Pressure	\$3,481	\$5,492
Asthma	\$2,908	\$4,028
Diabetes	\$4,172	\$5,559

- Untreated mental disorders in chronic illness is projected to cost commercial and Medicare purchasers between \$130 and \$350 billion annually²
- Approximately 217 million days of work are lost annually to related mental illness and substance use disorders (costing employers \$17 billion/year)²

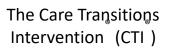
1. Original source data is the U.S. Dept of HHS the 2002 and 2003 MEPS. AHRQ as cited in Petterson et al. "Why there must be room for mental health in the medical home (Graham Center One-Pager)

2. Hertz RP, Baker CL. The impact of mental disorders on work. *Pfizer Outcomes Research*. Publication No P0002981. Pfizer; 2002.

9

Harris Center uses Transitions of Care Framework Model from – Eric Coleman





Patients with complex care needs and family caregivers receive specific tools and work with a Transitions Coach Learn self-management skills – address deficits in social determinants of health





Address both the patient's current and future needs – Health & Behavioral Health

Ensures their needs are met during transition

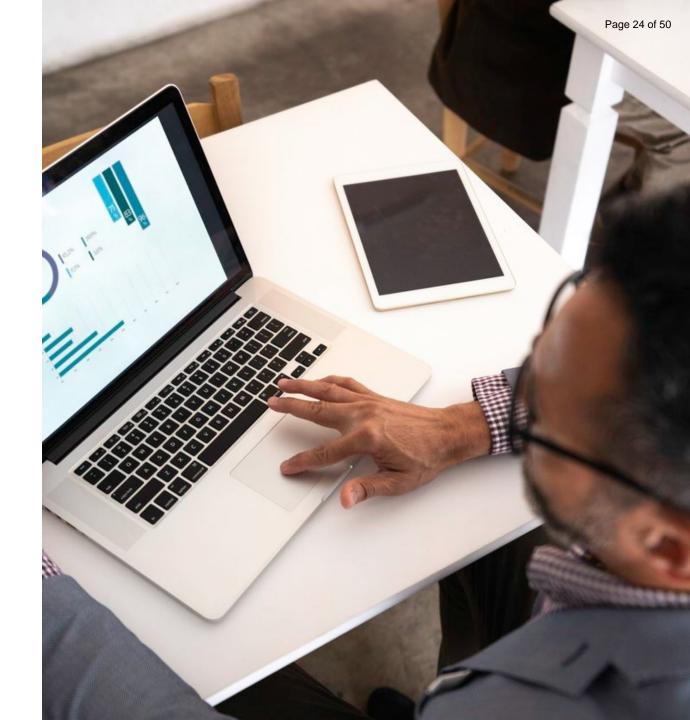
- Consultation with Nurses and Advanced practice nurse (APN)
- Coordinates and supports care between hospitalization and delivers and coordinates services with patient needs in the community
- Team-based Care
- Daily Huddles review claims reports etc from Optum/United Portal
- Identification of patients' health behavioral health goals
- Design and implementation of a streamlined plan of care
- Collaborations, Team Meetings, Monthly Meetings with Behavioral Hospitals & Private Hospitals for step-down transitions & supports for the patient

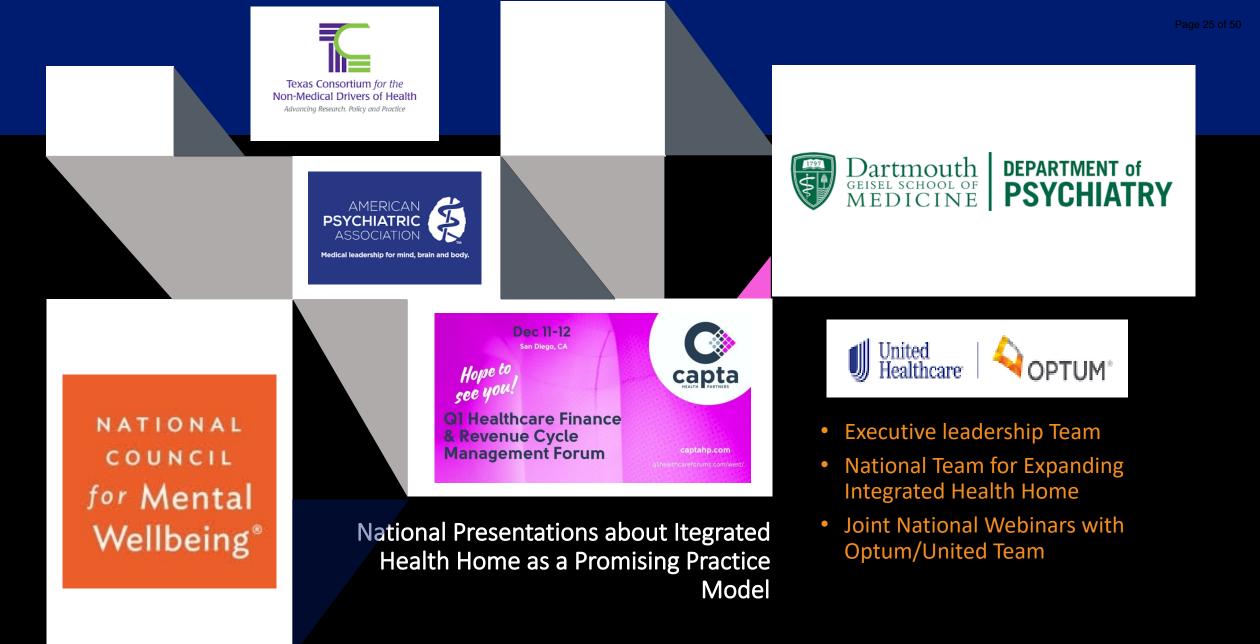




Transforming Lives

The Harris Center Integrated Behavioral Health Home & Outcomes











Chronic Health Condition Education & Management (High Blood Pressure, Diabetes, Cholesterol, Obesity)

Pharmaceutical Services & Education

The Harris Center for Integrated Care (HCIC) Update

Review Why: Individuals with serious mental illness (SMI) experience a 10–25-year reduced life expectancy due to untreated or undertreated chronic health conditions



Individuals with serious mental illness (SMI) experience a 10– 25-year reduced life expectancy when compared to the general population that is due, in part, to poor health behaviors.



Yet, in spite of the development of health promotion and self-management interventions designed for people with SMI to promote health behavior change, the mortality gap has increased, suggesting that relevant factors are not being addressed.

APA PsycArticles: Journal Article: Risk and protective factors in relation to early mortality among people with serious mental illness: Perspectives of peer support specialists and service users.

Sippel, L. M., Myers, A. L., Brooks, J. M., Storm, M., Mois, G., & Fortuna, K. L. (2022). Risk and protective factors in relation to early mortality among people with serious mental illness: Perspectives of peer support specialists and service users. *Psychiatric Rehabilitation Journal*, *45*(4), 343–351. <u>https://doi.org/10.1037/prj0000522</u>

Review why - Primary Care Doctors Preferred Treating Depression and Anxiety and not SMI

Most Primary Care Physicians expressed greater comfort **treating common diagnoses, such as depression and anxiety**, than serious mental illnesses (SMI). They also repeatedly cited patients with co-occurring personality disorders as the most difficult to treat, difficulty differentiating diagnosis, lack of case management staff to support care (1)

1.Primary Care Physician Perceptions on Caring for Complex Patients with Medical and Mental Illness Danielle F. Loeb, MD1, Elizabeth A. Bayliss, MD, MSPH2,3, Ingrid A. Binswanger, MD, MPH1,4,5, Carey Candrian, PhD6, and Frank V. deGruy, MD, MSFM3





Harris Center Population Health – Health Risks BMI & A1C

The Harris Center Population Health: BMI Health Analytics & Research Department The Harris Center for Mental Health & IDD

The Most Recent BMI scores for Harris **Center Clients served during FY23**



Medical Complications of Obesity

Pulmonary disease abnormal function obstructive sleep apnea hypoventilation syndrome Nonalcoholic fatty liver disease steatosis steatohepatitis cirrhosis Gall bladder disease	Idiopathic intracranial hypertension Stroke Cataracts Coronary heart disease Diabetes Dyslipidemia Hypertension Severe pancreatitis
Gynecologic abnormalities abnormal menses infertility polycystic ovarian syndrome Osteoarthritis Skin Gout	Cancer breast, uterus, cervix colon, esophagus, pancreas kidney, prostate Phlebitis venous stasis

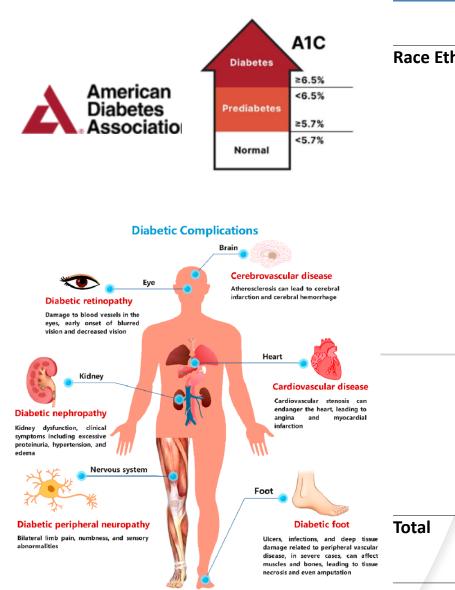
Race Ethnicity * Most Recent_BMI_Category Crosstabulation

			MostRecent_BMI_Category				
			Underweight	Normal weight	Overweight	Obesity	Total
Race Ethnicity	American Indian	Count	0	8	11	18	37
	or Alaska Native	% within Race_Ethnicity	0.0%	21.6%	29.7%	48.6%	100.0%
	Asian	Count	19	169	133	122	443
		% within Race_Ethnicity	4.3%	38.1%	30.0%	27.5%	100.0%
	Black or African	Count	177	2175	2228	4244	8824
	American	% within Race_Ethnicity	2.0%	24.6%	25.2%	48.1%	100.0%
	Native Hawaiian	Count	0	5	2	9	16
	or other Pacific Islander	% within Race_Ethnicity	0.0%	31.3%	12.5%	56.3%	100.0%
	Hispanic/Latino	Count	78	1068	1544	2996	5686
		% within Race_Ethnicity	1.4%	18.8%	27.2%	52.7%	100.0%
	White/Caucasian	Count	102	1017	1208	1810	4137
		% within Race_Ethnicity	2.5%	24.6%	29.2%	43.8%	100.0%
	Unknown or not	Count	12	107	142	245	506
	collected	% within Race_Ethnicity	2.4%	21.1%	28.1%	48.4%	100.0%
Total		Count	388	4549	5268	9444	19649
		% within Race_Ethnicity	2.0%	23.2%	26.8%	48.1%	100.0%

The Harris Center Population Health: HB1C FY 23

Health Analytics & Research Department The Harris Center for Mental Health & IDD

Race Ethnicity * MostRecent_HBA1C_Category Crosstabulation



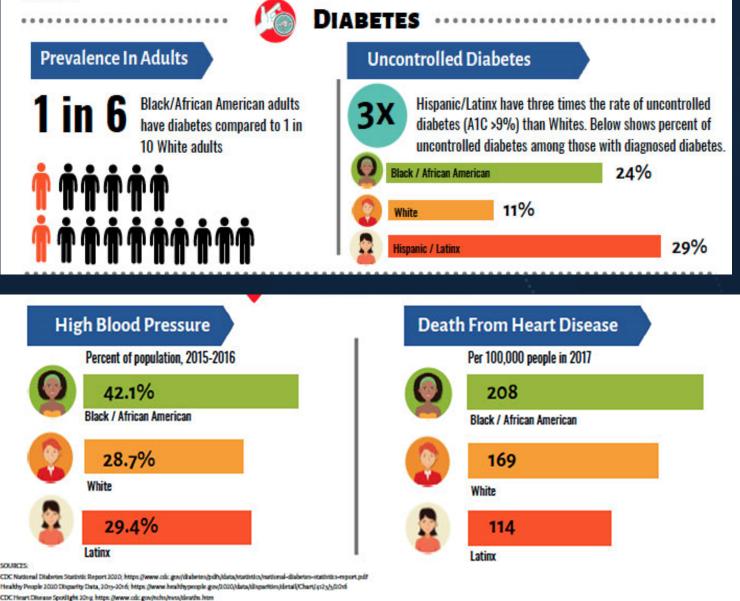
		MostRecent_HBA1C_Category				
		Normal_HE	BA1C Prediabet	es Diabete	<mark>s</mark> Total	
American Indian or Alaska	Count	9	9	4	22	
Native	% within	40.9%	40.9%	18.2%	100.0%	
	Race_Ethnic	city				
Asian	Count	112	83	39	234	
	% within	47.9%	35.5%	16.7%	100.0%	
	Race_Ethnic	city				
Black or African American	Count	2358	1669	489	4516	
	% within	52.2%	37.0%	10.8%	100.0%	
	Race_Ethnicity					
Native Hawaiian or other	Count	6	4	1	11	
Pacific Islander	% within	54.5%	36.4%	9.1%	100.0%	
	Race_Ethnicity					
Hispanic/Latino	Count	1848	871	333	3052	
	% within	60.6%	28.5%	10.9%	100.0%	
	Race_Ethnicity					
White/Caucasian	Count	1417	505	165	2087	
	% within	67.9%	24.2%	7.9%	100.0%	
	Race_Ethnicity					
Unknown or not collected	Count	120	75	39	234	
	% within	51.3%	32.1%	16.7%	100.0%	
	Race_Ethnic	city				
	Count	5870	3216	1070	10156	
	% within	57.8%	31.7%	10.5%	100.0%	
	Race_Ethnic	city				
	Native Asian Black or African American Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander Hispanic/Latino White/Caucasian	Native % within Asian Count Asian Count % within Race_Ethnic Black or African American Count Black or African American Count Native Hawaiian or other Count Pacific Islander % within Race_Ethnic % within Hispanic/Latino Count White/Caucasian Count White/Caucasian Count White/Caucasian Count White/Caucasian Count White/Caucasian Count White/Caucasian Count % within Race_Ethnic Unknown or not collected Count % within Race_Ethnic Within Race_Ethnic	Normal_HEAmerican Indian or AlaskaCount9Native% within40.9%Race_EthnicityAsianCount112AsianCount112% within47.9%Race_Ethnicity% within47.9%Black or African AmericanCount2358% within52.2%Race_EthnicityNative Hawaiian or otherCount6Pacific Islander% within54.5%Race_EthnicityHispanic/LatinoCount1848% within60.6%Race_EthnicityWhite/CaucasianCount1417% within67.9%Race_EthnicityUnknown or not collectedCount120% within51.3%Race_EthnicityCount5870	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c } \hline Normal_HBA1C Prediabet \\ \hline Native & Count 9 & 9 \\ \hline & within 40.9\% & 40.9\% \\ \hline & Race_Ethnicity & \\ \hline Asian & Count 112 & 83 \\ \hline & & within 47.9\% & 35.5\% \\ \hline & Race_Ethnicity & \\ \hline & Black or African American & Count 2358 & 1669 \\ \hline & & within 52.2\% & 37.0\% \\ \hline & Race_Ethnicity & \\ \hline & Native Hawaiian or other & Count 6 & 4 \\ \hline & Pacific Islander & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$	Normal_HBA1C Prediabetes DiabetesAmerican Indian or AlaskaCount994Native% within40.9%40.9%18.2%AsianCount1128339% within47.9%35.5%16.7%Race_EthnicityRace_Ethnicity16.7%Black or African AmericanCount23581669% within52.2%37.0%10.8%Race_Ethnicity81Native Hawaiian or otherCount64Pacific Islander% within54.5%36.4%9.1%Race_Ethnicity871333% within60.6%28.5%10.9%Race_Ethnicity994White/CaucasianCount1417505% within67.9%24.2%7.9%Race_Ethnicity10.1%16.7%32.1%Unknown or not collectedCount12075% within51.3%32.1%16.7%Race_Ethnicity10.5%10.7%	

United States -Health Disparities Across Racial and Ethnic

CDC National Diabetes Statistic Report 2020;

https://www.cdc.gov/diabetes/pdfs/data/statistics/nationaldiabetes-statistics-report.pdf Healthy People 2020 Disparity Data, 2013-2016;

https://www.healthypeople.gov/2020/data/disparities/detail/Chart /4123/3/2016 CDC Heart Disease Spotlight 2019; https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss/deaths.htm Health disparities are differences in rates of disease across racial, ethnic, income, and other social groups. They are a result of obstacles to health including systemic racism, poverty, and lack of access to healthy food, stable housing, employment, and healthcare.



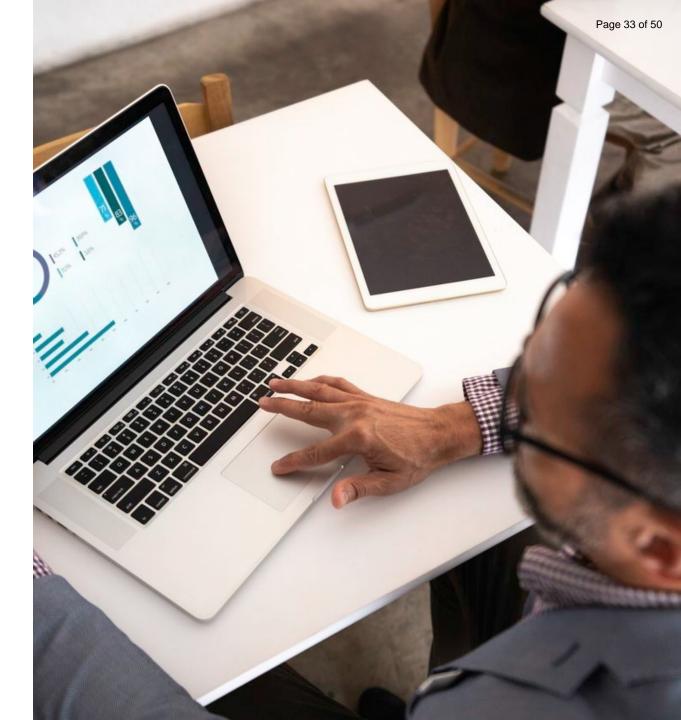


Certified Community Behavioral Health Clinic Improvement and Advancement

National Outcome Measures (NOMs) for Harris Center CCBHC Improvement and Advancement Grant

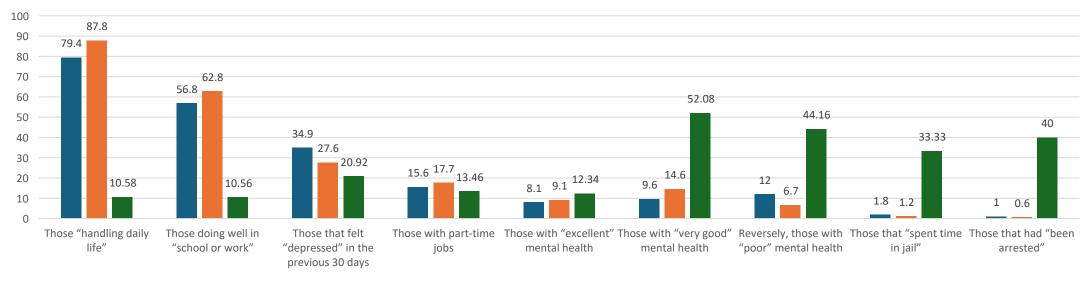
Outcome Report

National Outcome Measures (NOMs) are a set of domains that represent real-world outcomes measures and required by SAMHSA and reported quarterly – for CCBHC Grant



The Harris Center for Integrated Care National Outcome Measures – Obtained from SAMHSA Data Portal^{34 of 50}

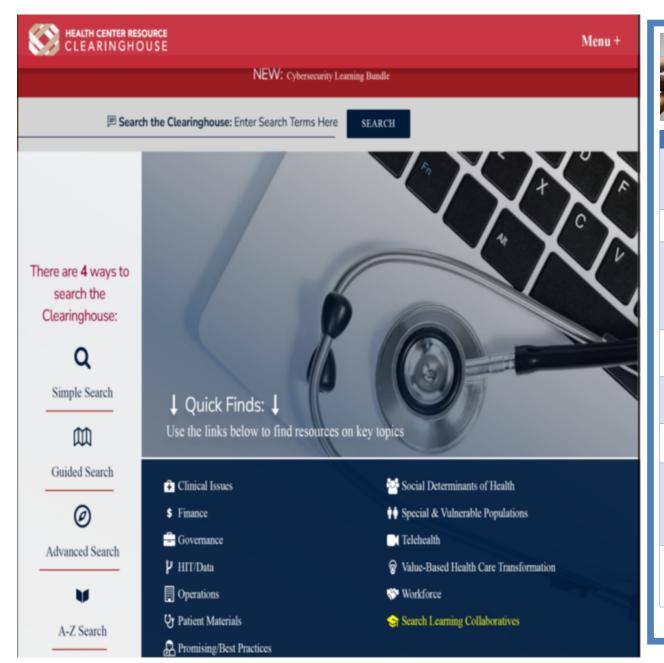
Percentage Change from Baseline to 6 Months/DCs for Selected NOMS Indicators (Baseline n = 386, 6 Months/DCs n = 301)





Harris Center Approved Methodology: A comprehensive list of currently enrolled and newly enrolled individuals receiving CCBHC services will be extracted from the EPIC data warehouse ("Caboodle") at grant start date and annually thereafter using SPSS software. The software allows random selection of the specified number of cases from the entire list using the "Select Cases" command NOMs Findings – NOMs administered and tracked by HCIC Care Navigators

- Those "handling daily life" increased 10.58%.
- Those doing well in "school or work" increased 10.56%.
- Those that felt "depressed" in the previous 30 days **decreased** 20.92%.
- Those with part-time jobs **increased** by 13.46%.
- Those with "excellent" mental health increased by 12.34%.
- Those with "very good" mental health increased by 52.08%.
- Reversely, those with "poor" mental health **decreased** by 44.16%.
- Those that "spent time in jail" **decreased** by 33.33%.
- Those that had "been arrested" **decreased** by 40%.





FQHC New Start Resources

Resource	Description	
NAP Technical Assistance (TA) webpage	 TA webinars slides and recordings Example forms and budget narrative FAQs and other resources, including some in Spanish 	
<u>Health Center Program</u> Compliance <u>Manual</u>	Health Center Program requirements	
HRSA Technical Assistance – Bureau of Primary Care - HRSA	 Technical Assistance, Trainings, Compliance Manual, training – quality and clinical care, Data & Reporting <u>Health Center 101 Learning Bundle</u> on the Health Center Resource Clearinghouse 	
Texas Association of Community Health Centers	 Provides Executive, Operations, Finance, Board Development and Support for New FQHC sites 	
NAP TA Team	 NAP application questions <u>BPHC Contact Form:</u> Funding > Next Step from Funding 	
Grants.gov Contact Center support@grants.gov	 Issues related to submitting in Grants.gov (Phase 1) 	
Health Center Program Support BPHC Contact Form 1-877- 464-4772	 Issues related to completing the application in EHBs (Phase 2) <u>BPHC Contact Form:</u> Technical Support > EHBs Tasks/EHBs Technical Issues 	
Grants Management Brian Feldman (<u>bfeldman@hrsa.gov)</u> and Patrick Johnson (<u>pjohnson3@hrsa.gov)</u>	 Budget or fiscal questions Questions about federal interest or <u>45 CFR part</u> <u>75</u> 	

Funded!

Now WHAT?

November 2019

The goal of this FQHC start-up checklist is to:



• Describe the responsibilities and requirements set forth within your Notice of Award (NOA);

• Provide checklists to

assist with the opening

of a new health center



• Provide an overview of the HRSA Health Center Program Requirements as outlined in the two foundational documents, the HRSA Health Center Program Compliance Manual

• Provide a list of resources and other organizations that can help get you off in the right direction.

This guide is broken into the following areas:

- First 120 days checklist
- Rest of the Year
- Best Practices and Other Considerations
- Implementation checklists
- Lessons learned from the field



7501 Wisconsin Avenue, Suite 1100 Bethesda, MD 20814 Phone 301 347,0400 Fax 301,347,0459 www.nachc.com

This project was supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HISA), of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HIHS) under cooperative agreement number U30C516089, Technical Assistance to Community and Migrant Health Centers and Homeless for \$6,375,000.00. This information or content and conclusions are those of the author and should not be construed as the official position or policy of, nor should any endorsements be inferred by HRSA, HHS or the U.S. Government.





In studies of adults with severe mental illness in the USA, those with food insecuritywere more likely to report less mental health service utilization. On the other hand, food insecurity has been associated with increased medical and psychiatric emergency service utilization

FOOD



Research has shown a link between food insecurity and higher rates of mental and physical health conditions, such as depression and anxiety, diabetes, and hypertension. Studies have also identified a connection between food insecurity and higher healthcare expenditures.



OFFICE OF RESEARCH & PUBLIC AFFAIRS

NOVEMBER 2019

DELAYED AND DETERIORATING: Serious Mental Illness and Psychiatric Boarding in Emergency Departments

INTRODUCTION

The number and proportion of mental health crisis emergency department visits have been steadily increasing in the United States in recent years. In 2014, there were more than 2.2 million emergency department visits by patients whose primary diagnosis was serious mental illness.¹ And as a result of a multitude of factors and failures in our mental health care system, instead of receiving timely and effective treatment, individuals are boarded in the emergency department, waiting for days or sometimes weeks, with nowhere to go and sometimes no treatment.



https://www.tac.org/reports_publications/delayed-and-deteriorating-seriousmental-illness-and-psychiatric-boarding-in-emergency-departments/ Research consistently shows that people experiencing food insecurity are more likely to have poor physical and mental health, and also tend to have a higher rate of emergency room visits compared to those with food security; this is because inconsistent access to nutritious food can contribute to chronic diseases and exacerbate existing health issues, while the stress of food insecurity itself can negatively impact mental wellbeing, leading to increased healthcare utilization including emergency room visits

Food Insecurity is Directly Associated with the Use of Health Services for Adverse Health Events:

https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0022316622023987# :~:text=A%20number%20of%20studies%20have,insecurity%20and%20hig her%20healthcare%20expenditures. Emphasis on Early Screenings & Education of Blood Pressure, A1C, Non-Medical Drivers Screening , Literature on Depression and Emotional Wellness, Outreach in underserved communities to Reduce Mental Health Stigma Site Partners for Mobile Wellness Services We have met with the following neighborhoods to create and establish Community Wellness Hubs -

- NAMI Angelina Hudson
- Barbara Jordan Community Center
- Tidwell Community Center
- Metropolitan Multi-Service Center
- Sunnyside Health and Multi-Service Center,
- The Association for the Advancement of Mexican Americans (AAMA) and Hispanic Health Coalition –
- Mt Hebron & Ministerial Alliance
- Precinct 1 (Commissioner Rodney Ellis) Tom Bass, Finnigan, and Cavalcade
- Precinct 2 (Commissioner Adrian Garcia)

Leon Z Grayson (Baldree), Flukinger, JD Walker, East Harris County Activity Center)

Houston and Harris County Public Health

Note Precinct 1 and Precinct 2, we have MOUs that established standard days each month for the Mobile wellness Vehicle



EXHIBIT P-3

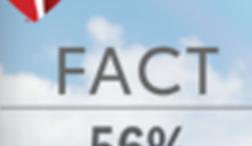
The Harris Center for Mental Health and IDD



Presented to The Harris Center Board Program Committee By: Jennifer Battle January 2025



Mental Health and the LGBTQIA+ Community



56% of #LGBTQ adults report experiencing some form of discrimination in a healthcare setting. Nearly 1 out of 5 people in the LGBTQ+⁻ community avoid seeking medical care due to **fear** of discrimination.



Mental Health and the LGBTQIA+ Community cont.

- A study by Stonewall found that over the previous year:
 - half of LGBTIQ+ people had experienced depression, and three in five had experienced anxiety
 - one in eight LGBTIQ+ people aged 18 to 24 had attempted to end their life
 - almost half of trans people had thought about taking their life

41% of LGBTQ young people seriously considered attempting suicide in the past year – and young people who are transgender, nonbinary, and/or people of color reported higher rates than their peers.

41%

THE TREVOR PROJECT 2023 U.S. National Survey on the Mental Health of LGBTQ Young People

Mental Health and the LGBTQIA+ Community cont.

- Being LGBTIQ+ doesn't cause these problems. But some things LGBTIQ+ people go through can affect their mental health, such as:
 - discrimination,
 - homophobia or transphobia,
 - social isolation,
 - rejection, and
 - difficult experiences of coming out.
- As the Local Mental Health Authority, It is critical that The Harris Center demonstrates that our team of compassionate and caring professionals is ready to provide well educated and informed support for the LGBTQIA+ community and their families.

Safe Spaces Initiative Purpose

- The Harris Center currently has no specific training, support, or programming available specific to the LGBTQIA+ population. By
 - building out a specific trauma informed care focused Safe Spaces Initiative training available to ALL agency staff,
 - broadening clinical staff expertise via the Queer and Trans Affirming Care (QTAP) certification, and
 - being intentional about community outreach,
- the agency will be able to increase patient partnerships and engagement techniques.

Safe Spaces Initiative Project Goals

•Having a minimum of **100 Harris Center staff complete the Safe Spaces Initiative Certificate Program** between September 2024 and August 2025.

•Providing the opportunity for 8 Harris Center clinical staff to pursue the Queer and Trans Affirming Practice (QTAP) clinical certification program to serve as embedded subject matter experts at their service locations.

•Engaging in a minimum of **4 LGBTQIA+ specific outreach and engagement events**.

•Alignments with agency strategic goals:

Having staff who are better trained and aware of how to effectively serve and support the LGBTQIA+ community will ultimately impact **patient satisfaction** leading to The Harris Center's ongoing strategic goal of being the **provider AND employer of choice**.

Population Served and Impacted

• Population served:

- Harris center clients who identify as LGBTQIA+ and their families
- Harris center staff who identify as LGBTQIA+ who feel more welcome and included
- Harris center staff who are seeking to expand their knowledge base
- Estimated number of individuals served/impacted:
 - The Harris Center serves 96,000 clients a year, research shows approximately 7% of the population identifies as LGBTQIA which would mean a possible reach of 6,720 clients in both the Safe Spaces certificate program and the QTAP certification program.
 - The Harris Center employs approximately 2,500 staff which would mean a possible positive engagement impact to **175 team members**.
 - On average community outreach and engagement events touch at a minimum 100 people per event which would translate to a minimum of **400 community members impacted**.
 - TOTAL POSSIBLE IMPACT: 7,470

Feedback from Certificate Soft Launch

"This initiative takes the burden of education off of some of our most marginalized consumers, and gives workers a space to learn, grow, and process new concepts on their own time and pace."

> "As a member of the LGBTQIA+ Community I am so proud to see the agency focusing on this."

"This is really exciting to see happening at the agency."

"I actually had a trans client who was struggling with expressing themselves in where they felt they could not be their authentic self when discussing services. After meeting with them and expressing the initiative, after they saw the pin on my badge, they were able to open up and fully engage in sessions with me." "This is the first time I've felt really seen by the agency. Thank you for working on this."

"The Safe Spaces Initiative trainings are a fantastic introduction to allyship in the LGBTQIA+ community! I loved the generalized SABA training to ease people into "learning mode" and then the specific curation of mental health, historical background, and immediately useful community resources."

Project Outcomes

- Number of staff who complete the Safe Spaces Initiative Certificate and number of staff who compete the QTAP Certification
- Feedback survey to staff who have completed these opportunities to determine impact of utilization in their agency roles
- Search for any mention of increased patient satisfaction due to these opportunities by clients in patient satisfaction survey free response section.
- Search for any mention of increased employee satisfaction due to these opportunities in the annual employee engagement survey.

Project Budget

	F	Project Expenses	Budgeted Amount
	Category	Description	
1	Safe Spaces Materials	Visual representation of Safe Spaces Initiative Certification	
2		You are Safe with Me pins	\$250.00
3		All are Welcome Here stickers	\$150.00
4		Pride lanyards	\$200.00
5		Gender Books	\$250.00
6	QTAP Certification	Training program starts Sept 2024 through April 2025	
7		8 virtual training program participants	\$15,456.00
8		8 in person conference and certification completion	\$12,000.00
9			
10	Outreach Materials	Outreach materials for Pride month activities	
11		print shop	\$2,000.00
12		988 materials	\$2,500.00
13			
14	Outreach Engagement	Registration Fees	\$1,000.00
15			
		· · · · · ·	
Total B	udgeted	\$33,806.00	

Thank you





@TheHarrisCenterForMentalHealthandIDD